

HORSE MEAT SOLD AT \$15 POUND IN MOSCOW IN FEB.

According to a Statement Made by an American Representative of a Large Farm Machinery Establishment—Matches Whenever Obtainable, Cost \$7.50 a Box—Other Commodities at Proportionate Prices—All Signboards of Former Prosperous Business Houses Are Down Since They Have Been "Nationalized."

Omsk. April 11. (Correspondence of The A. P.)—Horse meat at thirty rubles a hundred pounds; mutton, fifty rubles; beef, thirty rubles; rye flour, 800 rubles a pound (25 pounds); potatoes 24 rubles a pound. The price of grain has risen since the last February, according to an American, Dillon, representing a large American grain company, who has just arrived here. Dillon left Moscow February 9 and came through Penza, Saratov, and Samara to Omsk. The workers alone, and a greater number of idle textile workers, Bolsheviki are getting 500 rubles a month; they receive 650 rubles to 1,500 rubles per month and are barely able to live on it. The price of foodstuffs has risen in foodstuff prices in Bolsheviki stores. Non-Bolsheviki, who cannot buy in these stores, are forced to go to the private straits. There have been many cases of starvation and many suicides.

Moscow is half deserted, he said. All neighbors of erstwhile prosperous districts have been driven there. In such places have been "nationalized." To ride one verst (two thirds of a mile) by cab costs 100 rubles. A box of matches, if obtainable at all, costs 25 rubles. One ruble was normally 100 cents. People are burning oil to heat their rooms, due to the

There is an endless Bolshevick propaganda. Pamphlets and newspapers declaring upon the benefits of Bolshevism flood the towns and cities and proselyting is carried on feverishly among the returning Russian war

prisoners from Germany. Strikes in other countries are halted with delight and a world-wide revolution is represented as being in progress.

There are many Chinese and Mongol troops in Moscow, according to Dillon. The city is full of unemployed workers. There are 15,000 idle metal

ammunition. Discipline in the army is maintained by terroristic methods, but even so, mutinies constantly occur and desertions are frequent.

In the opinion of the narrator it is necessary to cause the early collapse of Bolshevism is a vigorous offensive by the Siberian army.

PROGRESS MADE DURING WAR BY PEOPLE OF INDIA	W. U. IS DISCHARGING UNION OPERATORS
<p>New York, June 8.—The people of India made greater progress during the war than they had made in any previous century, according to K. C. Paul, national secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association of India.</p>	<p>Chicago, June 8.—Reports of discharge of union operators by the Western Union Telegraph company following the call issued last night for a nation-wide strike on Wednesday.</p>

"Of the 1,500,000 Indian troops mobilized," said Mr. Paul, "we found that less than one in 11,000 could read and

One of the greatest achievements of was the establishment of co-operative the Y. M. C. A. in India, Mr. Paul said.

banks through which the people could lend money to each other and avoid the extortionate interest rates of from 48 to 56 per cent exacted by professional money lenders.

Charles A. Hanley of Boston, who also arrived on the Vauban, said he

believed he was the first American business man to visit Turkey and Greece after the armistice was signed.

"The people of Turkey," he said, "are sorry they ever entered into any sort of partnership with the Germans. They anxious to transfer their trade to the east had been absolutely unproductive and there was nothing left to do but strike."

Mr. Konenkamp said everywhere

Mr. Hanley said he found food plentiful in Turkey but that supplies were less plentiful in Greece.

CHANCELLOR JAMES R. DAY

CONDEMNS THE L. OF N.
Syracuse, N. Y., June 8.—Chancellor James R. Day of Syracuse University, condemned the League of Nations as "an infamous bargain" in a commencement address today.

The fear that should seize the heart

**ANSONIA THREATENED
WITH A BIG STRIKE**
Ansonia, Conn., June 8.—A strike workers in this city is scheduled start at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning, unless the plant meet the demands

of every red-blooded citizen of this country today, the chancellor said, is the position of the constitution of the United States is that threatened in the settlement of work controversies at Paris. "I would reject and overthrow everything before I reject the

Dr. Day questioned if there is a place in Russia today where Bolshevism is more dangerous than right here in this country, "where an anarchism is spreading rapidly."

"If there is anybody of men of whom the American people should be proud of today, it is their senators, standing firmly for the defence of the sacred institutions of our country," the chancellor said.

of statesmanship left standing between America and the imperilling quagmires of internationalism."

TO INVESTIGATE DEATH OF DR. T. HENRY BECKER, JR.

Philadelphia, June 8.—Dr. T. Henry Becker, Jr., president of the Bluefields sanatorium, Bluefields, W. Va., who came here to attend the commencement exercises of Jefferson Medical college, died early today under circumstances which have not yet been

Shortly after midnight last night Dr. Becker told a hotel clerk he was going for a walk. Half an hour later he returned in a taxicab, seriously ill. He was rushed to the Jefferson hospital.

where he died about 3 a. m.
An autopsy will be held tomorrow.

**TWO TRANSPORTS REACH
BOSTON WITH TROOPS**
Boston, June 8.—Two transports
loaded with troops reached the
city today.

**HEAD OF RHENISH REPUBLIC
REMAINS AT WEISBACH**
Weisbach, June 8.—The head of
the Rhish republic, Dr. Theodor
Dittmer, remains here today.

**MENT CONSERVATIVES, WITH THE SUP-
PORT OF THE DATE GROUP, WILL HAVE 215 OF
THE 495 MEMBERS IN THE LOWER HOUSE**

The President Grant, from Brest, brought soldiers under command of Colonel Brown, an engineer officer. These include units of the 21st and 54th engineers. There are also casual

The Winifredian, also from Brest, has on board 83 officers and 2,344 men of the 23d engineers and a number of military and naval casuals.

AFTER RUNNING ASHORE
Lima, Peru, Saturday, June 1.—The Chilean mail steamer *Limari* sank early today after running ashore forty miles north of Eten, northern Peru. The passengers and crew, it is reported, are safe.

The steamer *Limari* measured 264 feet. She was built in Glasgow and was resented by the Peruvian limari. The *Limari* was southbound from Panama for Callao and Valparaiso.

120* and associated powers.
